

Institute of Farm Economics

#### **K**EY ISSUES FROM THE FIRST DAY

Second international stakeholder workshop, 3<sup>rd</sup> July 2014, Budapest



















- Consideration of other intervening factors and boundary conditions
  - > To what extent can the selected methods deal with that?
  - ➤ Can synergies between RDPs and other policies / factors be considered through the selected methods?
  - Qualitative methods and stakeholder consultations can provide insights into implications of wider boundary conditions



- Logic models:
  - ➤ Important to present logic models with concrete applications and explanatory notes
  - ➤ Logic models currently focus on impact quantification. Can qualitative aspects and "why-questions" be integrated during or after the case study testing?
  - Logic models could play a role in defining ToR in evaluation contracts
  - Suggestion raised to apply the logic models to further examples including example from EENRD guidelines



- Cost-effectiveness assessment:
  - > Focus on relative assessment, i.e. comparison of different methods, exploring the use of a trade-off matrix
  - > Review of the effectiveness concept required during the case studies is the concept generic enough or are revisions needed?
  - Concept for relative cost assessment: How will different levels be defined?
  - Consideration of different users: Timing and purpose will be different



- Cost-effectiveness assessment:
  - ➤ Useful to raise awareness of cost of specific methods and different evaluation tasks stimulates exchange between managing authorities and evaluators
  - More cooperation needed between monitoring organisation, ministries and evaluators to explore what additional data are needed - before or with the implementation of measures
  - > Role of ENVIEVAL: Highlight the benefits of additional data



- Case study testing:
  - > To what extent can the selected methods incorporate the different intervention logics of the key policy measures?
  - Case study testing will highlight the type of results the methods deliver under different data availabilities.
  - ➤ Important to highlight additional benefits if new or more advanced data are available
  - > Regional scope of the case study testing:
    - > Will broader displacement effects be considered?
    - Consideration of global effects can lead to different evaluation outcome
  - Consideration of temporal issues



- Case studies (comments from stakeholder consultation):
  - > Stronger integration of qualitative and quantitative aspects
  - Case studies need to provide (and be based on) clear definitions of what is considered as micro and macro level
  - > Key criteria for the selection of indicators need to be explained
  - > Case studies should highlight the importance of impact evaluations
  - ➤ Guidance on the data requirements and limits for the meaningful application of the tested methods will be a helpful outcome

"Is the current case study design fit for purpose?



### Key questions for break out groups

- 1. What indicators and methods would you currently consider to use to address the challenges
- 2. To what extent do you already apply the innovative aspects, if not why have you not applied these yet
- 3. Which of the challenges and innovative aspects has the highest priority for you and why and are there any aspects missing